AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

The following is a complete, marked up listing of revised claims with a status identifier in parentheses, underlined text indicating insertions, and strikethrough and/or double-bracketed text indicating deletions.

LISTING OF CLAIMS

- 1. (Currently Amended) A method for treating a <u>homogeneous</u> polymeric optical element, <u>wherein said homogeneous polymeric optical element is substantially free from dopant element</u>, which comprises:
 - a) mounting a polymeric optical element into a chamber;
 - b) introducing a compressed gas in a supercritical phase or a liquid or vapor phase approaching the supercritical phase as an annealing medium into the chamber and annealing the polymeric optical element; and
 - c) removing the annealing medium from the chamber.
- 2. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the polymeric optical element is made of an amorphous transparent polymer.
- 3. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 2, wherein the polymeric optical element is selected from the group consisting of polycarbonate, polystyrene, poly(methacrylate), poly(methyl-methacrylate), poly(trifluoro-methyl-methacrylate), poly(tetra-propyl-fluoro-methyl-methacrylate), Teflon AF, and cytop.
- 4. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the polymeric optical element is a plastic optical fiber.
- 5. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the annealing medium is a compressed gas in a liquid or vapor phase approaching supercritical phase.

- 6. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the compressed gas is a solvent or a non-solvent material for the polymeric optical element, or a mixture thereof.
- 7. (Original) The method of claim 6, wherein the annealing medium is a material selected from the group consisting of CO₂, SF₆, C₂H₆, CCl₃F, CClF₃, CHF₃, and isopropanol.
- 8. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein, in step b), the annealing is performed with a variation of temperature and pressure conditions of the annealing medium.
- 9. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein, in step b), temperature and pressure of the annealing medium are varied according to a periodic or non-periodic function.
- 10. (Original) A polymeric optical element produced by the method of claim 1.
- 11. (Currently Amended) A method for treating a <u>homogeneous</u> polymeric optical element, <u>wherein said homogeneous polymeric optical element is substantially free from dopant element</u>, which comprises:

annealing the polymeric optical element in a compressed gas, wherein the compressed gas is in a supercritical phase or a liquid or vapor phase approaching the supercritical phase, an annealing medium, and recovering the annealed polymeric optical element.

- 12. (Original) The method of claim 11, wherein the annealing is conducted at a temperature of about 10 to 100° C and a pressure of 2 to 200 atm.
- 13. (Original) The polymeric optical element of claim 10 which is a plastic optical fiber having a core and a clad, said core being made of polymethyl methacrylate and said clad being made of a copolymer of methyl methacrylate and tetrafluoropropyl methacrylate.